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Tangier, April 12.

THE Moors, who are about 8000 strong, continue to Intrench themselves round Charles and Henrietta Forts, and have made three Trenches between them and the Town. Our great Guns and small shot ply them as they work, and we doubt not do considerable execution. Charles and Henrietta Forts are Victualled for 6 Months, and Provided with sufficient Garisons; in the first Captain Trelawney and Captain St. Johns Command, and in the latter Lieutenant Wilson. Yesterday being Easter day, the Moors made a very brisk assault upon Henrietta Fort; they brought long Booms which they set against the Wall, and put upon them Fagots to shelter themselves, whilst they endeavoured to Mine the Wall, to blow it up. They continued the Attack till this Morning, but our men behaved themselves so well, that they beat off the Enemy with hand-Granadoes, and forced them to retire with considerable Loss; whereupon Lieutenant Wilson let down four or five men with Ropes, who set Fire to the Fagots and Timber they had left behind; and since he has hung out, upon a Pole, two Moors heads. About 12 days since, the Hampshire took an Algerine of 24 Guns, called the Calibash, and two others were Stranded. There are five Algerines more without the Streights. Vice-Admiral Herbert is removed into the Bristol; and the Rupert, now Commanded by Captain Weybourne, is gone to Cadiz. On Friday last the Leopard and Foresight (the latter of which brought hither Sir Palmes Fairborne our Lieutenant Governor) Sailed into the Streights. The James and Swan Frigats arrived here the 4th Instant in 13 days from Kinsale, with four Companies of the Earl of Dumbarton's Regiment, all old Soldiers. Vice-Admiral Herbert is Cruising with the Hampshire and the Adventure, about Gabraltar, and the Centurion and Nonesuch are daily expected here. Several Merchant Ships who came hither with Stores are now delivering them.

From on Board the Mairmaid Frigate, Cruising in Company of other of His Majesties Ships in the Soundings, May 8. On the 25th past we met several Ships that had left the Reserve and Mary-Rose (under whose Convoy they came with about 70 Sail more from the Streights) off of Cape Fenester. We have likewise spoke with some of the Virginia Fleet, and other Ships from Neavis, but cannot hear from them, or other Ships we have met going in and out of the Chanel, That any Turks are in these parts.

Genova, May 8. The 6th instant arrived here 3 French Gallies from Civita-Vecchia, and departed again the same evening for Marseilles, having touched here only to take in some Provisions. This States Convoy will sail in few days for Cadiz, and in its company several English Ships. At Toulon are fitting out 10 men of War, which will be ready to put to Sea about the latter end of this month, with 10 Gallies that are Equipping at Marseilles.

Strasbourg, May, 18. Six French Regiments of Horse are come from Metz to a place called Sockenheim, and several others of Foot are Encamped near Saar-Louis, Paltzburg, and Slebsstadt, where they work on the Fortifications, and expect farther Orders. Monsieur de Monclar will be in few days at Haguenaw, from whence he goes to Landau, the place appointed for the Rendezvous of the French Troops.

Francfort, May 19. It is reported here that 3000 French have Possessed themselves of Valdeutz and Lauteren in the Palatinate. From Prague they write that Prince Montecuculi had desired leave to quit his Employments, which the Emperor had granted him, but withal let him know that he expected he should give an account how he had employed the Moneys that have been payd to him for the Service of the Army. The Letters add that the Emperor had resolved to raise 20 thousand men, to strengthen the Troops he has on Foot.

Brussels, May 24. On Tuesday in the Evening the Marquis de Bourgamarco arrived here, and on Monday intend to goe hence to the Hague, where he will make a very short stay, and return hither to prepare for his Embassy to the Emperors Court. The account he has given our Governor, the Duke de Villa Hermosa, of the Resolutions of the King of England for the securing the Peace of Christendom has given his Excellency great Satisfaction. On Tuesday next his Excellency goes for Flanders.

Hague, May 24. This Morning the Spanish Envoy presented a Memorial to the States General, in which he represented to them the Proceedings of the French in Flanders, the Allarme and uneasiness they put those Countreys into, and how destructive they are to that Barriere which the French King had promised this State should be preserved; That the Conferences at Courtray about settling the Limits were broken up, upon a Declaration the French Commissioners had made, That they had orders not to Treat any longer with those of Spain, till they were furnished with a new Commission, wherein, among the Titles of the King of Spain, that of Duke of Burgundy was left out, and if this was not done by the 15th of July next, the most Christian King would give orders to his Troops to take Possession of those Lands and Dependencies which he pretends to by Vertue of the Treaty of Nimeguen. What resolution the States have taken upon the said Memorial we do not know, but we are told they are very sensible of the hardships which the Spaniards complain of, and it is not doubted but they will employ themselves in the most effectual manner for the removing them. The States of Holland cannot yet agree about the method of raising their Money. From Breda we have an account that the Fortifications will be finished there this year, and that 14 Regiments of Foot, and several of Horse lye Encamp'd near that City, who take their turns to work on those Fortifications.